

The Portuguese Podengo Pequeno



Presented by the Portuguese Podengo Pequenos of America, Inc



For more information go to www.pppamerica.org



HISTORY

A primitive type dog, its probable origin lies in the ancient dogs brought by the Phoenicians and Romans to the Iberian Peninsula in the Classic Antiquity.

It adapted to the Portuguese territory and climate, today it is known as the Portuguese rabbit hunter seeking rabbits among rocks and thick shrub.

It evolved throughout the centuries due to it's functionality.
This is a very rustic breed.

General Appearance

A wedge shaped head (a four sided pyramid) with erect ears, a sickle shaped tail, a sound skeleton, well muscled: very lively and intelligent, sober and rustic.

This is a breed of moderation.

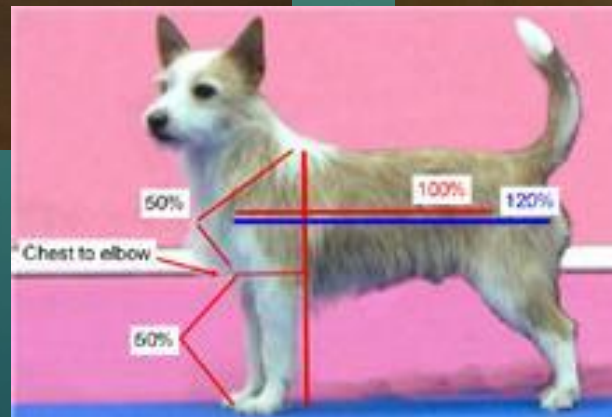


Size

The height is 8" to 12" and the weight is 9 to 13 pounds.

Proportions

The distance from the withers to the bottom of the chest is one half the total height. The length from the point of shoulder to the point of buttocks is 20% longer than the height.



HEAD

Lean broad based wedge shaped as a four-sided pyramid when viewed from the top or in profile.

A large base and a definite pointed muzzle.



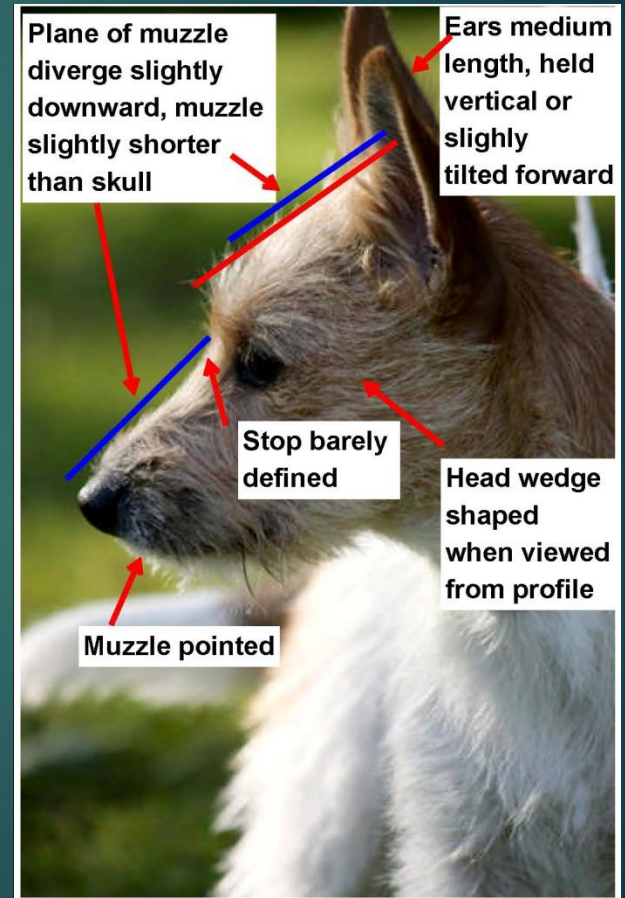
SKULL

Flat, almost straight in profile. Prominent brow bone. Barely perceptible frontal furrow. Relatively flat between the ears. Prominent occiput. The plane of the muzzle very slightly diverges downward from the plane of the skull.



STOP
Barely defined.

EXPRESSION
Alert and intelligent.



EYES

Very lively expression with small almond shape set slightly oblique. Not rounded or prominent. Eye color ranges from honey to dark brown in accordance with the coat.



MUZZLE

Curved, when seen from the top. A straight profile which is shorter than the skull, broader at the base, and narrowing to the tip.

NOSE

Tapered, obliquely truncated, and prominent at the tip; black or darker colored than the coat.

LIPS

Close fitting, thin, firm and well pigmented.

JAWS, TEETH

Scissor bite. Normal occlusion of both jaws.

CHEEKS

Lean and obliquely set.

EARS

Set obliquely at the level of the eyes, straight, with high mobility, upright or tilted forward when attentive. Pointed, triangular and wider at the base, thin, longer than the width at the base.



NECK

A harmonious transition from head to body. Straight with a slight arch at the nape. Medium in length, well proportioned, strong and muscled. Very dry without dewlaps.

TOPLINE

Level.



LOIN

Level, broad and well muscled.

CROUP

Straight or very slightly sloping and medium size. Well Muscled

Chest

The chest reaches to the elbow.
It is long and of medium width.
The ribcage is slightly sprung.
Moderate fore chest.

Underline

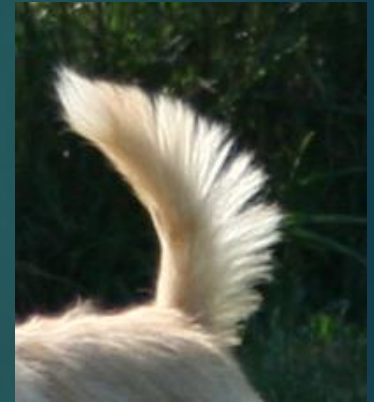
The belly is lean and slightly tucked up.



TAIL

Medium high set and of medium length. Strong, thick, and tapered with a lightly feathered underside. At rest it falls curved and reaches to the hock joint. In action it rises to the horizontal slightly curved or vertical in the shape of a sickle.

A curled tail is a serious fault.



FOREQUARTERS

Shoulder: Blade moderately laid back.

Shoulder and upper arm angle is moderate.

Elbow: Well tucked in.

Forearm: Straight, long, muscled.

Pastern: Short, lean, strong and slightly sloping.

Feet: Oval, strong, tight, slightly arched.

Strong nails and tough firm pads.



HINDQUARTERS

Hindquarters: Upright when seen from the back and side.
Well muscled and lean.

Upper thigh: Long and of medium width, muscled.

Stifle joint: Moderate angulations.

Second thigh: Long, lean, strong, and well muscled.

Hock joint: Medium height, lean, strong, moderately angled.

Rear pastern: Strong, short, straight. Without dewclaws.

Hind feet: As in front.



COAT

There are two varieties; Smooth coat which is short and very dense. Wire coat (rough) is long and harsh. The hair on the muzzle is longer (bearded) on the wire coat variety. The wire coat is not as dense as the smooth variety. Both varieties are without undercoat. Skin on both varieties is thin and close fitting. A very rustic breed shown naturally. **Groomed but not trimmed or sculpted.** Dogs whose coat has been altered by excessive sculpting, clipping or artificial means shall be penalized as to be effectively eliminated from competition. A silky coat is a fault.



COLOR

Yellow or Fawn. Light, medium or dark shades are acceptable. The color can be solid or with white markings or white with markings of the above colors. The following colors are accepted but not preferred. Black or brown, as solid colors or with white markings. White with markings of the accepted colors



Skin: Mucus membranes are preferably dark pigmented or always darker than the coat. Skin is thin and tight.

GAIT

Light trot, easy and agile movements.



TEMPERAMENT

Very lively and intelligent. A natural rabbit hunter either alone or in a small pack. They seek rabbits among rocks and thick shrub. A companion who willingly serves as a watchdog.

FAULTS

Behavior- Signs of shyness.

Back skull/muzzle: Parallel planes

Jaws- Level bite.

Nose- Partial lack of pigment

Neck- Ewe necked or severely arched.

Body-Arched top line.

Croup- Excessive slope.

Coat- Silky and/or with undercoat

SERIOUS FAULTS

Skull/Muzzle- Convergent planes

Nose- Total lack of pigment

Ears- Rounded

Belly- Excessive tuckup

Tail- Curled



DISQUALIFICATIONS

Behavior- Aggressive or overly shy.

Jaws- Undershot or overshot.

Eyes- Of different color.

Ears- Folded or hanging

Color- Brindle, Black and Tan, Tricolor, Solid White.

AKC COMPANION EVENTS



From tracking to agility.... they do it all!



COMPANIONSHIP AND FUN



LURE COURSING

The Portuguese Podengo Pequeno:
A breed that is sure to steal America's heart!

Mode of Hunt

By Sight, Scent, and Hearing

