Treeing Walker Judges Seminar

Courtesy of the National Treeing Walker Coonhound Association



Learning Objectives

- History of the Treeing Walker Coonhound
- Purpose of the Treeing Walker
- Head to Tail anatomical study of the Treeing Walker
- Comparison of Treeing Walker & Am/Eng Foxhound



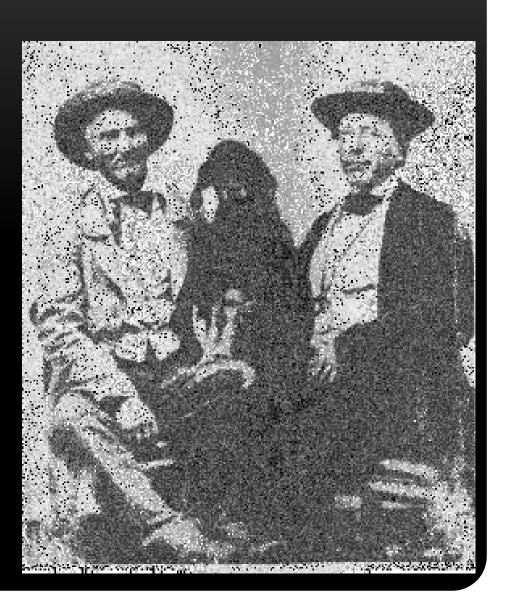
History of the Treeing Walker

- Developed from certain strains of English/Walker Foxhounds
- Original registered with UKC, along with the Bluetick coonhound, as English coonhounds
- Recognized in 1945 as a separate breed
 - First as Walkers(Treeing)
 - Finally as Treeing Walkers

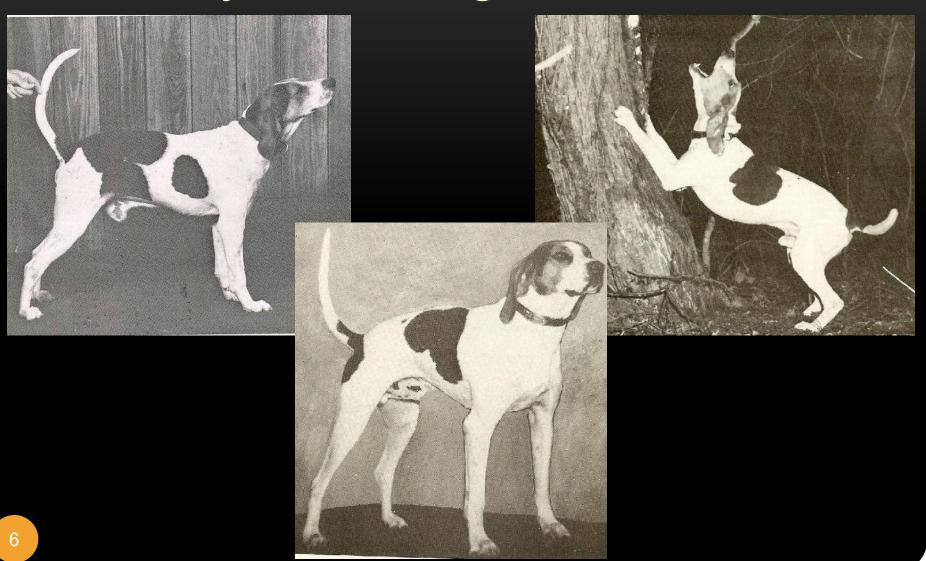


- Stolen from a deer chase in TN
- Instrumental in both American Foxhound & Treeing Walker history
- Seen with ,L-R, George Washington Maupin & William J. Walker
- Resembles the Black & Tan coonhound
- Highlights on Forelegs & Toes
- Not a typical foxhound of the day
 - Extreme game sense

Tennessee Lead

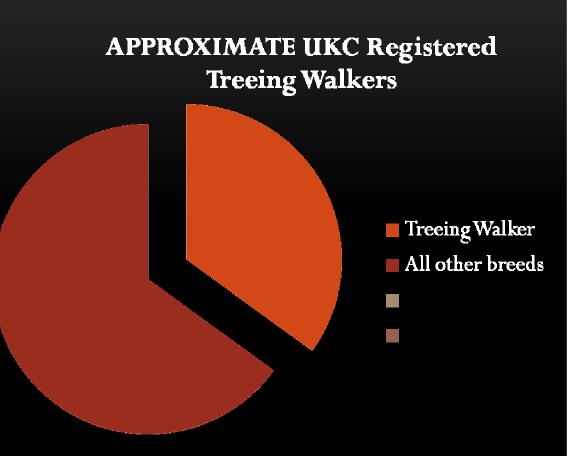


History of Treeing Walker



History of the Treeing Walker

- NOT A RARE BREED
- Nearly 70% of dogs registered with UKC are coonhounds
- 50% of those are treeing Walkers



Purpose of the Treeing Walker

• The Treeing Walker coonhound was founded and has become dominant because of its ability to run and tree

game.



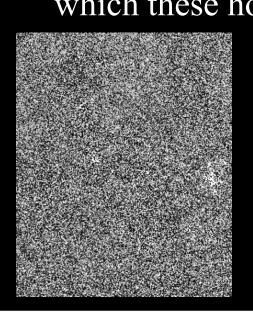
• While versatile, the Treeing Walker coonhound is first & foremost hunting dog



Purpose of the Treeing Walker

- First UKC Licensed Nite Hunt held in 1954
- Treeing Walker is the ideal hound to compete in these events

• Treeing Walkers are used in the pursuit of Big Game however competitive Nite Hunts provide the vehicle in which these hounds truly shine







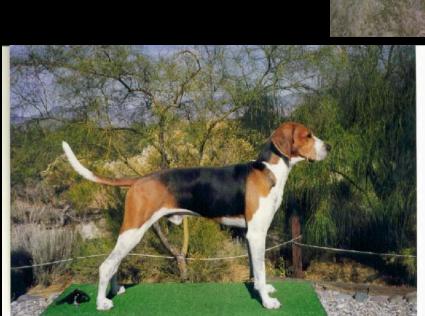
Nite Hunts

- Striking, Trailing and Treeing Raccoons
 - Striking- Opening on the trail of the intended game
 - Trailing- Following the scent and the game to seek refuge
 - Treeing- Baying the raccoon in its place of refuge(tree)
- 1 to 2 hours in length
- Most points wins
- Fast, athletic hounds with the ability to rapidly locate, put direction to tracks and tree with great accuracy, on a consistent basis, win

The Treeing Walker

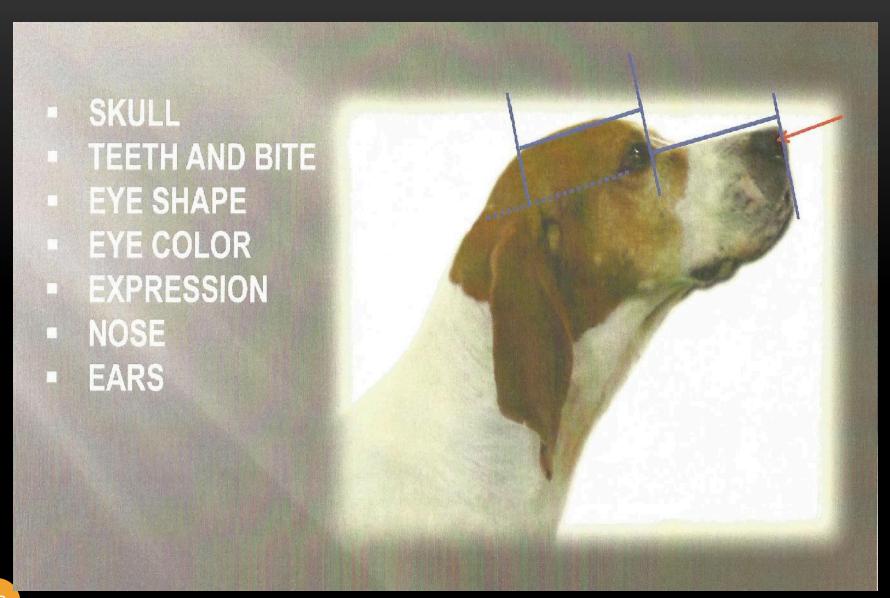
- Overall look of athleticism
- Look of speed without raciness
- Confidence
- Extremely versatile







Judging the Head



Head cont"d





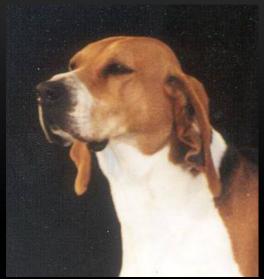








Head cont'd











Treeing Walker Head review

- Skull- broad & full, occiput bone prominent
- Ears- gracefully hanging, moderate set and length; proportionate
- Eyes- dark in color(brown/black; expressive, set well apart
- Muzzle- medium square, moderate stop
- Nostrils- black, large & prominent
- Teeth- should meet; neither over/under shot
- Defects-
 - flat, narrow skull
 - Long, snippy muzzle
 - Short, high set ears

Treeing Walker Neck/Throat

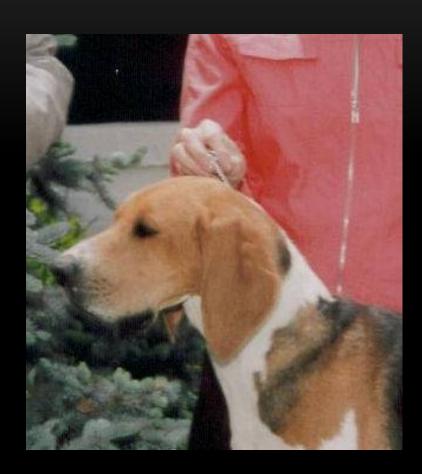
- Throat
 - Free and clean from folds of skin
- Neck and throat
 - Free rising from shoulders, substantial but NOT loaded
 - Balanced length

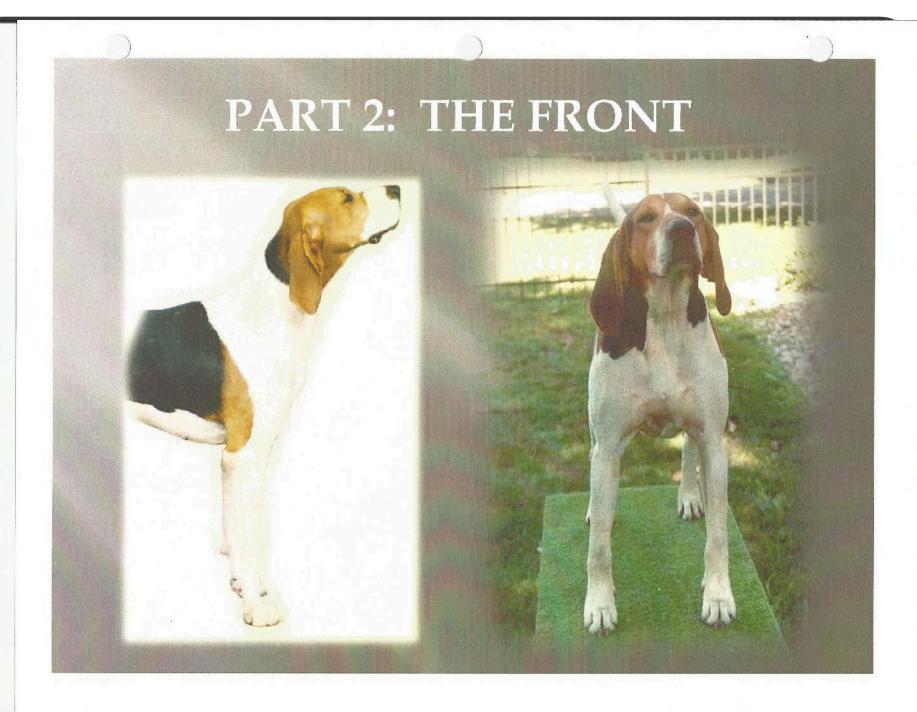




Neck/Throat cont'd







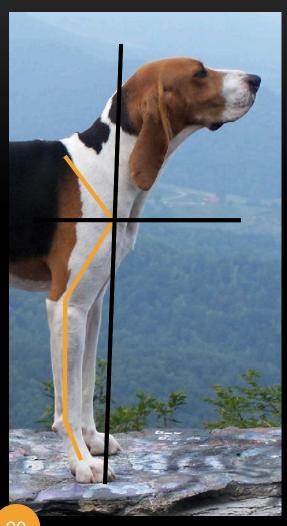
TW Forelegs

- Straight
- Moderate bone/substance
- Pasterns short & slightly sloping





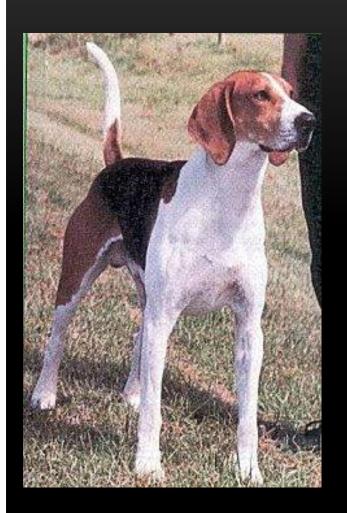
TW Forelegs cont'd







TW Forelegs cont'd







Shoulders, Chest & Ribs

- Sloping, Clean & Muscula
- Not loaded or heavy
- Deep chest
 - Depth rather than width



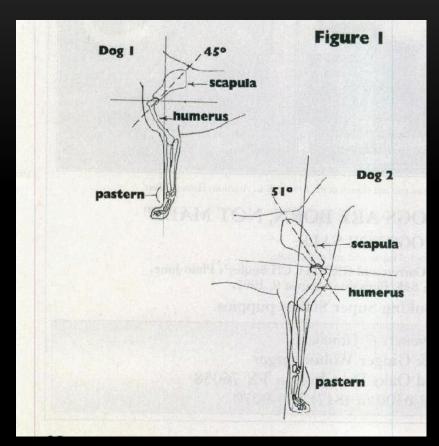


Shoulder Assembly



Front Angles







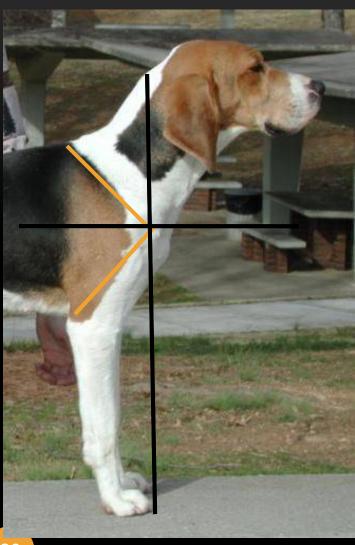
Shoulder Assembly

- Shoulders & Forelegs are the shock absorbers & steering wheel for hounds
- Shoulder & Upper Foreleg should be at a 45 degree angle
- 45 degrees to the ground NOT necessarily each other

Near perfect front assembly on dog at right.



Shoulders





Shoulder Assembly



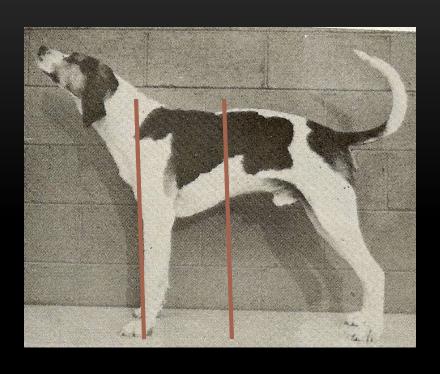


Chest

- Deep & well sprung
- Reaches elbow
- Depth over width
- Back ribs extend well back
- Tuck up is moderate



Chest





Back & Loins

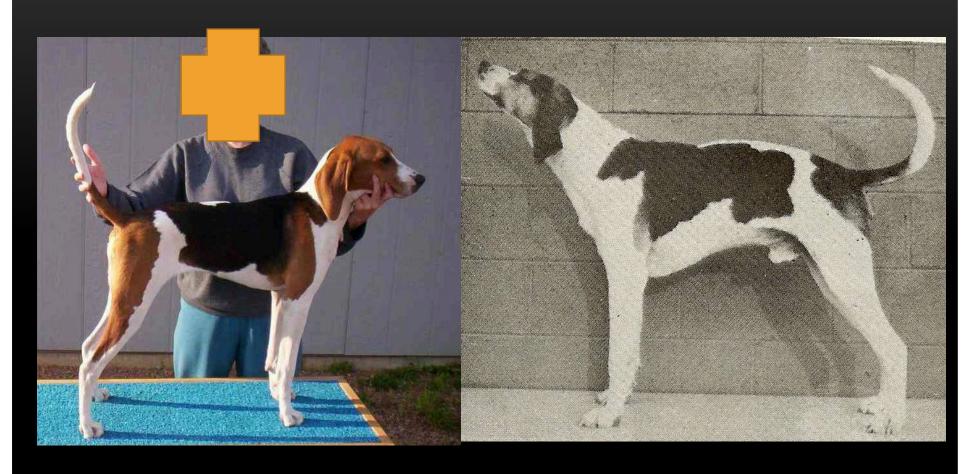
- Moderately long
- Muscular & strong
- Loins broad & slightly arch







Back



Back







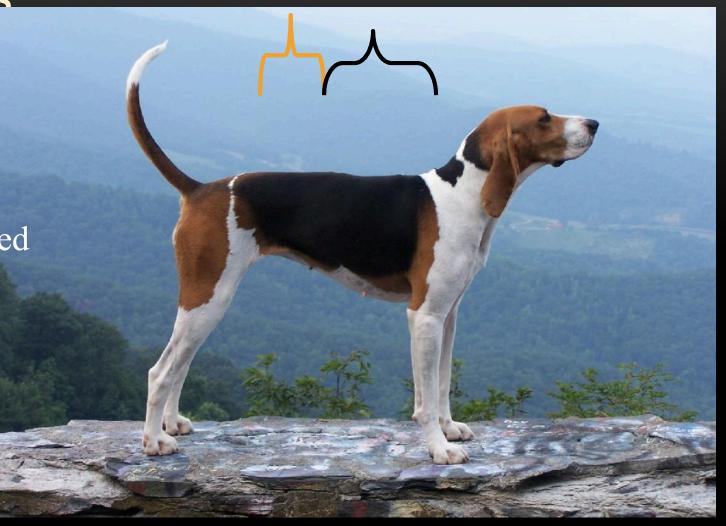


Loins

Loin shorter than back

Broad

Slightly arched

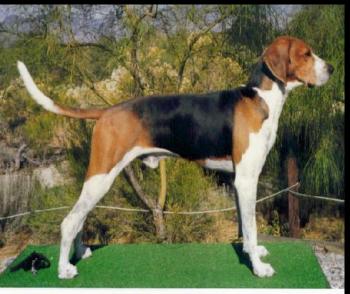


Loins

• Strong, Wide, Never Flat or Narrow







TW Back & Loins Review

- MODERATION
 - Back
 - Long
 - TOO long
 - Muscular
 - Swayed
 - Strong
 - Roached, flat
 - Loins
 - Broad
 - Slight arch
 - Legs are straight when viewed from behind –no dewclaws

TW Feet

Solid, Compact and Well padded

Cat-like appearance

• Well arched toes, strong nails for quick get away.







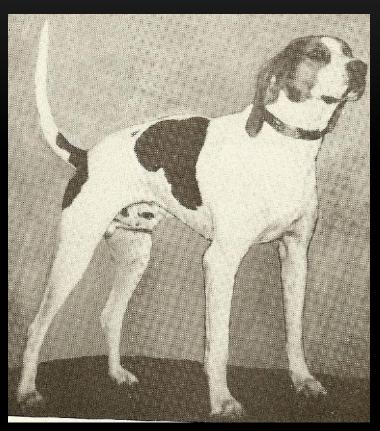


TW Feet cont'd

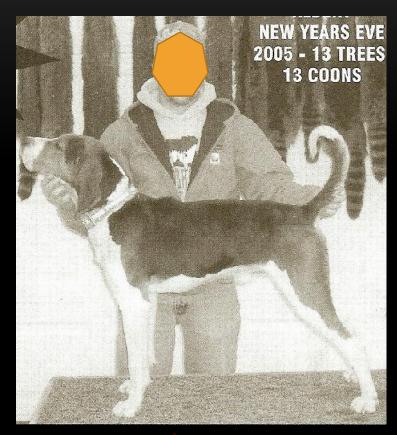


Coon-footed, flat feet.
SPLAYED-long toes

TW Feet cont'd



Flat feet – broken down from hunting



Hunting dog-pretty good feet

TW Feet

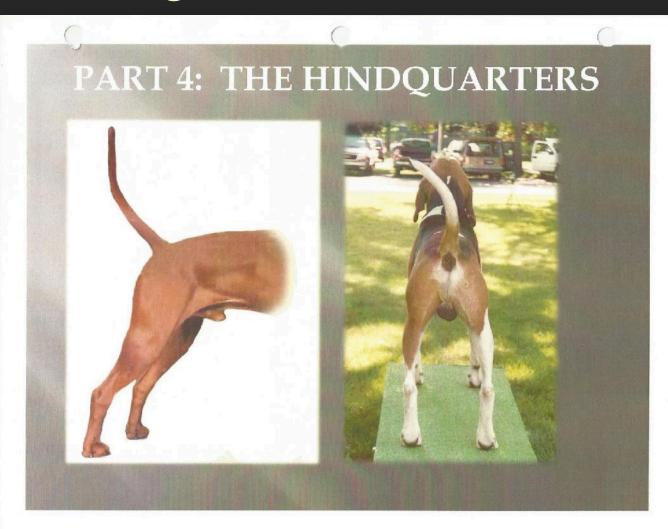








Rear Angulation



TW Hips, Thighs & Hind Legs

- Hips & Thighs strong and well muscled
 - Lack of first/second thigh development
- Abundance of propelling power
 - Lack of muscle
- Good turn of stifle
 - Straight stifles
- Hocks firm, symmetrical and moderately bent
 - Cow hocks, sickle hocks or straight hocks

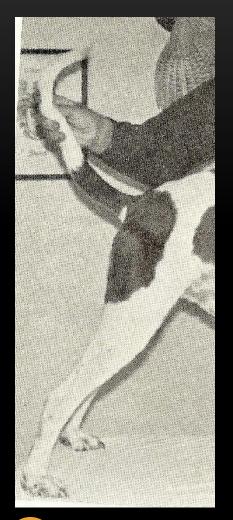
TW Rear Assembly







TW Rear Assembly







TW Hips, Thighs, Hind legs Review

- Hips & Thighs strong and well muscled
 - Lack of first/second thigh development
- Abundance of propelling power
 - Lack of muscle
- Good turn of stifle
 - Straight stifles
- Hocks firm, symmetrical and moderately bent
 - Cow hocks, sickle hocks or straight hocks

TW Tail

- Set rather high coming off at mid croup
- Strong at root
- Tapered
 - Rat tailed
- Moderate in length
 - Too long
- Without flag
 - Entire absence of brush
- Carried freely, saber-like



TW Coat & Color

- Smooth & Glossy
- Fine but dense enough for protection
- Close, hard, hound coat
- Tri-Colored preferred (THREE Colors)
- White may be the predominant color with black spots/tan trim
- Black may be the predominant color with white/tan trim
- White with black spots or white with tan spots is accepted

TW Coat & Color













TW Height, Weight & Character

- Height Males- 22"-27", Females- 20"-25"
- Weight in proportion to height: NOT to be penalized if underweight
- Balance is key with all parts together in proper balance to form overall dog
- Characteristics
 - Energetic & Intelligent, courageous, courteous, desire to perform

Graceful while posed & in motion





















English Foxhound, American Foxhound, Treeing Walker Coonhound







Am Foxhound, Treeing Walker Coonhound, English Foxhound.



Head TW vs Am Foxhound







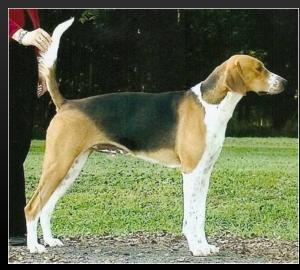
- 1. Slightly fuller muzzle
- 2. Square muzzle
- 3. More defined stop





TW Chest vs Am Foxhound Chest







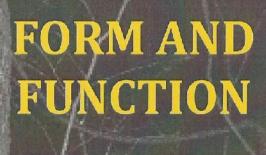


Loins TW vs Am Foxhound





FORM AND FUNCTION BONE AND SUBSTANCE



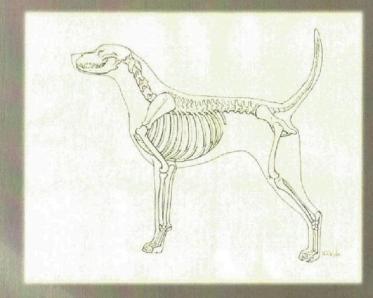
Part 1: Head

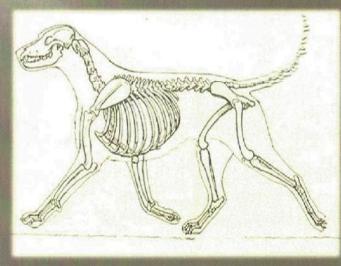
Part 2: Front

Part 3: Body

Part 4: Hindquarter

-Part 5: Movement





Energetic Treeing Walker













Gaiting/Movement









Questions???

